#### JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** 

NEW YORK DISTRICT (CENAN)

FILE NUMBER:

NAN-2006-486-WSH

PROJECT I	OCA	TION	INFO	DMA	TION
PRUMBATI	tH.A	. 1 I E JIV	IIVEL	KIVLA	

State:

New York

County:

Saratoga

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): lat: 42-52-25.2 lon: 73-51-16.6 Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 125.64 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Unnamed tributary to Dwass Kill

Name of watershed:

Hudson River

#### JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed:

Desktop determination

Date:

[X]

Site visit

Date: 6-20-06

#### Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

[] Prelii	ninary JD - Based on available information, [] there appear to be (or) [] there appear to be no "waters of the
	United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
	(Reference 33 CFR part 331).

[X] Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

- [] There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:
- [X] *There are* "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 28.53.
- [X] There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.
- [X] Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

#### BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

### A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

[] The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

# B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

- [] (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
- [](2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.
- [] (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
- [] (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
- [] (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
- [] (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- [] (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
- [X] (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
- [] (6) The presence of territorial seas.
- [X] (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: The waters within the wetlands and the unnamed tributary of the Dwass Kill, flow into the Dwass Kill, then into he Anthony Kill, which drains into the Hudson River, which is considered a navigable waterway.

## Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)

[X] Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:[] clear, natural line impressed on the bank

[] High Tide Line indicated by:

[] oil or scum line along shore objects

[] the presence of litter and debris [] changes in the character of soil [] destruction of terrestrial vegetation [] shelving [] other:	[] fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) [] physical markings/characteristics [] tidal gages [] other:
[] Mean High Water Mark indicated by: [] survey to available datum; [] physical markings; [] vege	etation lines/changes in vegetation types.
[X] Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland de Land Surveyor, PLLC	lineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: Gilbert VanGuilder
Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:  [ ] The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. [ ] Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 32. [ ] Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis o [X] The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the the United States: [ ] Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lage [ ] Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if [ ] Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or did retain water and which are used exclusively for such purpose ince growing. [ ] Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small orm by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for precedent [ ] Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and unabandoned and the resulting body of water meets the defined 328.3(a). [X] Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate complete [ ] Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Reference [ ] Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry [ ] Other (explain):	f 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  following waters present on the site are not Waters of goons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  If the irrigation ceased.  king dry land to collect and oses as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or  amental bodies of water created imarily aesthetic reasons.  construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for atil the construction or excavation operation is atition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR  ommerce. esources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: land. Explain rationale:
DATA REVIEWED FOR JURISDICTIONAL DETERMI  [X] Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the [X] Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the application [X] This office concurs with the delineation report, dated Application of the application application of the application of the application of the application of the application application of the a	applicant. icant. pril 14, 2006, prepared by: Gilbert VanGuilder Land Surveyor, PLLC ated , prepared by (company):

<sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

 $<sup>^{2}</sup>$ The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.